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PADUCAH DAILY REGISTER.

Register, Est. May, 1896.
Standard, Est. April, 1884.

PADUCAH, KY., WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 24, 1906

VOL. 23, NUMBER 157

SUIT NOW IN HANDS OF JURY

AUGUST BODY DELIBERATING
OVER ACTION OF ALEXAN-
DER CHILD'S ESTATE.

COLLINS GOT VERDICT
AGAINST GRASTY

CITY OF PADUCAH COM-
PROMISED DAMAGE SUIT
BY PAYING \$200.

Master Commissioner Cecil Reed's
Report Shows \$25,472.17 Claims
Against Purchasing Company.

There is now in the hands of the circuit court jury the suit of Edward Alexander, administrator of his child's estate, against the Paducah City Railway company for \$70,000 damages. The jurors were given the litigation yesterday afternoon on completion of the arguments and evidence, and being unable to agree by time for adjournment, were dismissed for the day to return this morning and resume deliberations over the matter.

Alexander is the policeman whose little girl was run over and fatally injured by one of the street cars on South Sixth near Tennessee street last summer.

The jury gave judgment for \$42 against the defendant in the suit of Richard Collins against T. E. Grasty, latter the money lending man. Collins borrowed money from Grasty and mortgaged his furniture which Grasty took and sold without process of law, to recover the amount of the loan.

There was dismissed as settled the suit of Jesse Wicks against the City of Paducah, on the city paying Mrs. Wicks \$200.

Mrs. Wicks owns property on Fourth between Madison and Harrison streets. In the center of this block is a deep hollow, for which the city furnished no underground piping as outlet so accumulated water could drain off into the river two blocks distant. As result stagnant pools of water stood in the hollow and she sued the city for \$1,000 damages on account of the standing water. The city has now put down a sewer pipe that permits of the water drain off. Part of the pipe ran by her property and the cost of the mains was taxed against her, but now in the compromise she gets \$200 cash, and the city pays the entire cost of the litigation, and also for the sewer mains.

Hon. Hal S. Corbett was allowed a \$70 lawyers' fee in the suit of William C. Tittsworth against Joseph Tittsworth.

J. M. Page filed a report showing he had \$35 of Will Mohundro's money in his hands, subject to attachment. Mrs. Shellie Mohundro attached the money in her suit for divorce she filed against her husband who is the one she charges with running away with the wife's sister, Dovie Bradford, and carrying the latter to Tennessee several weeks ago.

Master Commissioner Cecil Reed filed a report which shows \$25,472.17 worth of claims against The People's Home Purchasing company. This statement was made in the litigation where A. C. Bruce sues to have the business of the concern wound up. The company is the one which collapsed last year, and which did a business of loaning its patrons money with which to build homes. There is only about \$2,000 out of which to pay these claims, and from this \$2,000 there will first have to come the lawyer's fees, court costs, commissioner's percentage, which will leave very little for the claimants. Commissioner Reed will file within a day or two the list of assets, waiting to sell the last remaining piece of property controlled by the defunct concern.

Master Commissioner Reed decided property of James P. Sleeth in the suit of Dilliam Turnbo against Sarah McClure.

Sheriff Ogilvie was allowed \$20 in the action of Rudolph vs. Rudolph. There was dismissed without prejudice the action of Emilie Choate against James Glauber, wherein Choate sued for return of his money.

Charles Moequot filed an answer to the divorce suit instituted against him several weeks ago by his wife Virgie Greer Moequot. In his answer he acknowledges the charges she made against him are true, which is an acquiescence to the divorce decree, that will be given, the wife.

Property was decided to Ethel

Thomas for \$206 in the suit of Joseph W. Hughes against the Illinois Life Insurance company.
Ben J. Billings, T. H. Dale and T. H. Marshall were excused from service on the jury, and D. D. Murphy, W. H. Orr and J. W. Nance substituted.

Docketed For Trial Today.
The suits docketed for trial today are: Charles Hurley vs. G. M. Spitzer; E. B. Osborne vs. T. J. Moore and Wm. Baker; M. Livingston and company vs. McLean and Simms company; H. H. Rulin vs. B. F. Sears.
Hurley sues Spitzer for \$5,000 damages on the ground the latter had him arrested and prosecuted for a breach of the peace charge, of which Hurley came clear.

Osborne sues Detectives Moore and Baker for damages, on the ground of false arrest. The detectives arrested him at the telephone office here, on a charge they claimed he was wanted on down in Tennessee. He contends there was no grounds for his arrest.
M. Livingston and company for \$432, claimed due for two carloads of oranges plaintiffs bought of defendants, but which were not delivered.
H. H. Hulin occupied a little building owned by Eli Guthrie on North Second near Jefferson streets, and claims that B. F. Sears and Mr. Guthrie wrongfully took possession of some of his things and sold them for rent. Hulin sues for \$150 damages.

CHARGES OF GRAFT TO
BE INVESTIGATED

San Francisco, Oct. 23.—Francis J. Heney formally assumed office yesterday as assistant district attorney of San Francisco. From now on events may be followed in rapid succession in the investigation of graft charges against the official bosses.

The new grand jury will be sworn in on Wednesday. Heney will at once place before the jurors the evidence which has been collected and ask for indictments.

The Chronicle says today that the prosecutors of municipal graft in this city have decided to ask Mayor Schmitz to return from Europe, where he is now visiting, on leave of absence.

KANSAS POSSE SEEKS A
NEGRO WHO CUT
GIRL'S THROAT

Kansas City, Kas., Oct. 23.—A posse is searching for a negro who this morning assaulted Geneva Turner, 18, in her home. The negro demanded money, then broke into the house, cut the girl's throat and arm and left her unconscious. He is thought to have used chloroform. The girl's father found her at noon. They lived in the outskirts of the city. The girl's condition is not serious.

INDENTURES FOR RECORD

NUMBER OF REALTY TRANS-
FERS MADE AND DEEDS
LODGED.

County Clerk Issued Wedding Li-
cense to Emory Hopper and Jane
Browning of the County.

Land in the county has been sold by Mollie Champion to J. R. Patterson for \$1,000. The deed was left for record yesterday in the county clerk's office.

Land in the county was sold to Karl Holt by Courtney Holt for \$1,400.

For \$623 the West End Improvement Company transferred to Thomas H. Torian, Property on West Kentucky avenue near the city limits.

Property on the Paducah and Cairo gravel road was sold by Chester M. Vance to A. A. Hunt for \$1 and other considerations in the nature of notes.

Ed Thurman sold to G. H. Russell for \$150 property on Bethel street.

J. W. Cartee bought from Ed Thurman for \$150 property on Main street.

Licensed to Marry.
The clerk yesterday issued a marriage license to Emory Hopper, aged 29 of Florence Station, and Jane Browning, aged 29 of the county.

Water Works and Lights.
(Murray Times.)

The city council has decided to allow the voters an opportunity to vote upon the question as to whether the city shall own water works and light plant or not. Tuesday November 6, is the date set to hold the election.

BATTLE WITH BANK ROBBERS

BOLD ATTEMPT TO ROB
THE VERGENNESS, ILL.,
BANK.

ABOUT SEVENTY SHOTS
EXCHANGED WITH CITIZENS

ONE MAN, ABE KIMMEL, MER-
CHANT, IS FATALLY SHOT
IN STOMACH.

Safe Is Blown But Bandits Only
Secure \$100 from Cash
Drawer of Store.

Murphysboro, Ill., Oct. 23.—Abe Kimmel, a merchant, 35 years old, was shot in the abdomen and fatally wounded at 2 a. m. today, when five men attempted to rob the bank at Vergennes, a village nine miles north of Murphysboro.

The bank is in Floyd's store and \$100 was taken from the store cash drawer.

Two charges shattered the first two doors to the bank safe and the third charge was prepared when the robber on watch saw Mr. Kimmel step out of his store and residence next door.

He was immediately shot and as other citizens were heard approaching the robbers abandoned the attempt on the bank, and, while firing a volley of about 70 shots, mounted their horses and rode away to the north.

Several citizens saw them as they once away, but owing to the darkness, could not discern whether they wore masks or not.

The entire village was soon astir, and a number of men went in pursuit, but while the wounded man was being cared for, the robbers got a good lead and have not been heard from.

Bloodhounds were put on the scent at daybreak, but, owing to the many horses having been used by citizens, could not pick out the trail of the robbers.

Vergennes is a town of 500 inhabitants, and is on the Illinois Central line, being about 50 miles south of Pinckneyville. The robbers are supposed to have headed towards the Mississippi to cross over into Missouri.

HOLDS THE LAW
UNCONSTITUTIONAL

Judge Evans Holds Federal Statute
Relative to Discrimination
Against Trades Unions Void.

Louisville, Oct. 23.—In the United States circuit court for the Western district of Kentucky, at Louisville, this morning, Judge Walter Evans delivered an opinion in the case of the United States vs. J. M. Scott, in which he held that section 10 of the act of congress of June 1, 1898, is unconstitutional as being beyond the power of congress to enact, and sustained a demurrer to the indictment and discharged Mr. Scott from custody.

The attorneys for the government in argument admitted that unless congress had the power to enact the legislation by virtue of the commerce clause of the federal constitution that the power did not exist at all. Judge Evans holds that the legislation in question has no reasonable relation to the regulation of commerce. He also holds that section 10 of the act, even if it would otherwise be constitutional, is void because it does not separate interstate from intrastate commerce; and that the section of the act is so framed that that which is good cannot be separated from that which is bad. The opinion is a very able one, and will no doubt have a far-reaching effect upon similar prosecutions in other jurisdictions. Mr. Scott was represented by Attorneys James P. Helm and Benjamin D. Warfield, while Judge George D. Ruelle and Morton K. Yonts represented the government.

Miss Ella B. Wilhelm returned last night from visiting in Louisville.

Dr. Vernon Blythe has returned from a week's business stay in Memphis.

The little child of Dr. and Mrs. John Niehaus continues seriously ill at their home where the doctors have operated on it.

The day old child of Mr. D. A. Want, died in Tyler yesterday morning and was buried yesterday afternoon at the Gillum cemetery in the county.

LITTLE JAPS ARE ANGRY

WON'T LIKE IT BECAUSE THEY
ARE EXCLUDED FROM THE
FRISCO SCHOOLS.

FRIENDSHIP OF TWO
COUNTRIES IS THREATENED

VIGOROUSLY DISCUSSED IN
TOKIO—PAPERS URGING
RETALIATION.

A Tokio Capitalist, Now in Chicago,
Says Matter Will Be Brought to
Attention of President.

Chicago, Oct. 23.—I. Itoka, a capitalist of Tokio, now in Chicago, declared yesterday that if the school board of San Francisco persisted in the plan to exclude the children of Japanese from the public schools of that city the Japanese government would officially bring the matter to the attention of President Roosevelt with a view to bringing the San Francisco school trustees to task.

When Mr. Itoka "passed through San Francisco a few days ago he learned that the Japanese colony of that city was up in arms against the proposal to segregate the races in the public schools. As the fathers of most of the Japanese pupils in the city are citizens and taxpayers they have lodged complaint with their home government with a view to official intervention in their behalf.

"The proposed segregation is an unjust," said Mr. Itoka at the Auditorium yesterday, "and the government of Japan will lodge formal complaint with President Roosevelt if it is carried out. The Japanese colony in San Francisco is a large one, and as taxpayers they have rights which the school board must respect."

VIGOROUSLY DISCUSSING
ANTI-JAPANESE AGITATION

Tokio, Oct. 23.—The Tokio papers are vigorously discussing the anti-Japanese agitation in California, culminating in the segregation of the school boys in San Francisco. The Fochi Shimbun urges retaliation, and the Jiji Shimbun fears that the traditional friendship of the two countries will be affected. The thoughtful Kokushu Shimbun, however, points out that the agitation is caused by the political situation in California, and does not represent public opinion in America. It says the friendship of the two countries is a matter of history, and that it has remained unbroken from the first. It adds that enlightened foresight is not lacking in the United States, and that justice will be upheld by the Americans.

While some of the papers express the hope that the anti-Japanese agitation is only temporary and local to California, it is evident especially by the expulsion of the Japanese children from the schools. This seems to the Japanese unjust and an inconsistency in a people noted for generous sentiments and feelings of universal humanity and benevolence.

SALE OF BEEF TRUST
OPPOSED BY GOVERNMENT

Department of Justice Keeps Eye on
Proposed Deal.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 23.—It is given out that the department of justice has an eye on the movement to organize an English holding concern to own the American beef trust, and that it is prepared to make a fight on the scheme from the beginning. The move is taken seriously here, for the reason that some very circumstantial evidence has been received from Chicago concerning the plans of the beef magnates. Secretary Wilson said today: "We have a department of justice whose machinery was designed to be used in just such cases as this; we have our own attorney general to talk to grand juries; we have grand juries to listen and indict; we have petit juries, and we have penitentiaries. I don't think I have anything more to say."

Mrs. John Rock, of Cleveland, Ohio, left yesterday for her home after visiting here. She was accompanied by her niece, Mrs. William Katterjohn. Mr. Katterjohn went as far as Louisville with them, and returned home last night.

FULL FLEDGED LODGE.

Massonic Lodge at Hardin Chartered
and Set to Work.

Mr. James E. Wilhelm of this city, as proxy of Grand Master Veatch went to Hardin last night and set the lodge at work at that place. At the late session of the grand lodge a charter was granted the lodge to be known as Hardin Lodge No. 78, F. and A. M. It is now a full fledged lodge.

FOOTBALL GAME.

Two Clubs Composed of Boys Will
Play at Baseball Grounds Saturday.

Willie Powell of West Broadway has organized a football team known as the "Western Stars," and Saturday morning at 9 o'clock this club will play the "Westerns" at the baseball park. Charles Enders of West Jefferson is captain of the latter team.

LIQUOR MEN LOSERS.

Decision That Prohibition Election in
Hardin County Is Valid.

Elizabethtown, Ky., Oct. 23.—The contest case involving the validity of the prohibition election held in the county September 15, was tried yesterday before the contest board, composed of County Judge Viers, County Clerk Corley and Magistrate Johnson. The board decided that the election was valid, which will prevent the issuing of any more saloon licenses in this city. The saloonkeepers will appeal the case to the circuit court.

MARRIED AT NEWBERN.

Mr. Lloyd Grimes Married Miss Hurt
and Couple are Now in
Chicago.

Yesterday morning word reached this city that at 9:45 o'clock the night before Miss Hurt of Newbern, Tenn., and Mr. Lloyd Grimes, of Fulton Ky., were united in marriage at the home of the bride in the presence of quite a number of friends, including several from this city. The couple immediately thereafter left for Chicago where they are now on their bridal tour.

The young lady is a member of a well known family of Newbern, and quite attractive, while Mr. Grimes is the well known Paducahan who for years has been connected with the Illinois Central railroad, and is now their traveling engineer for the Tennessee division, with headquarters in Fulton. He is regarded as one of the most thorough and competent railroad men as evidenced by the important district he has in charge.

Engineer Joseph Randall came in yesterday morning, having attended the wedding.

PARK BIDS WERE OPENED

FIGURES SUBMITTED YESTER-
DAY BY THREE
CONCERNS.

The Commission Will First Decide
Quantity of Work to Be Done,
Before Awarding Contracts.

Yesterday afternoon the public park commissioners held a meeting at the office of Colonel Harry C. Rhodes of North Fourth street and opened the bids put in by contractors, showing at what figures the latter will do the concrete curb and coping work at Lang Park on Fountain avenue and Monroe street. The contract was not let, the award being held up for the time being until the commissioners can decide whether to have certain work done or not.

The board got the contractors to submit figures saying what they would lay the concrete and do the work for, at so much per foot. Now the commissioners will decide just exactly how much work to have performed, before letting the contract. The cost of the improvement is determined by the number of feet laid.

Bids were put in by Contractor Robert Boswell, Contractor W. B. Milne of his city, and the Memphis Asphalt and Paving Company, latter the Memphis, Tenn., concern that is laying the brick street on Second and Washington streets and abutting thoroughfares.

When the commissioners decide just exactly how much work they want done, they will then let the contract. The figures are not made public until then.

CONTROVERSY OVER RAFT

J. B. F. BRIGGS OF RINSLOE
LANDING CLAIMS IT WAS
STOLEN.

FILED SUIT AGAINST
SHERRILL-KING COMPANY

M. LIVINGSTON & CO., SUES
CANNING CO. FOR ALLEGED
BREACH OF CONTRACT.

Z. C. Graham Instituted Action
Against Allie Grimes to Have
James Grime's Property Sold.

Yesterday in the circuit court J. B. F. Briggs of Binsloe Landing, 100 miles up the Tennessee river from here, filed suit against the Sherrill-King Lumber company of Mechanicsburg for \$1,466.77 claimed due on a raft of sawlogs Briggs claims was stolen from him and sold to the Mechanicsburg firm. Briggs contends he brought the raft here and that it was stolen and sold to Sherrill-King, therefore he sues them for the worth of the logs.

Mr. Sherrill last night says the circumstances are different from the above. He said that Fletcher and Foreman, mill men of Brookport, have a contract with Briggs, whereby the latter is to cut timber off a strip of land 100 miles up the Tennessee river and deliver the timber to the Brookport people. Fletcher and Foreman run short of money with which to pay Briggs for the logs, and were made a loan by the Sherrill-King people of this city. Fletcher and Foreman then go up to Binsloe Landing, and settle with Briggs for the amount due him for the logs. Fletcher and Foreman then bring here the raft, which contained several hundred fine logs, holding about 80,000 feet of timber if saved up. Fletcher and Foreman moored the raft at Mouth of Clark's river and Saturday closed a deal whereby they sold it to Sherrill-King.

Monday Briggs came to this city and claimed Fletcher and Foreman had forcibly taken possession of the raft, brought it here and sold it without authority.

The deal being a strictly honorable and legitimate one as far as they are concerned—Sherrill-King refused to give up the raft.

Sued For Goods.

M. Livingston & Co., yesterday filed suit against The Hall Canning company of Halla, Tenn., for \$194.23 damages. The plaintiff claims it contracted with the canning company for a certain amount of tomatoes, and that the latter refused to deliver all of them.

Divide the Proceeds.

Z. C. Graham yesterday filed suit against Allie Grimes and others, asking the court to order sold some property left by the late James A. Grimes, so the proceeds can be divided between the heirs.

RESCUED FROM FALLS.

Life Savers Succeeded in Reaching
Boat in Time to Save Man.

Louisville, Oct. 23.—But for the prompt action of the lifesavers yesterday, John Wilson, manager of the Luxuria barber-shop, on Jefferson street, near Fourth avenue, would have gone over the falls. Shortly before 3 o'clock the man on the lookout at the lifesaving station, at the foot of Third avenue, saw a flatboat occupied by one man drifting toward the falls. A boat was promptly lowered and sent to the rescue.

By means of strenuous rowing the lifesavers reached Wilson just as he was about to go over the falls. He was in the middle of the stream and, in spite of his desperate exertion, he found himself unable to cope with the swift waters. He was taken in tow by the lifesavers and rowed to the station.

Mr. Wilson went out on the river yesterday afternoon on a fishing expedition with several friends. His friends had gone to the dam, while Wilson rowed about on the river.

Mrs. Willie Weaks of Hopkinsville, arrived in the city yesterday.

Mrs. Mary LaNaive has returned from visiting in Louisville.

Dr. J. O. Taylor has gone to Bowling Green to visit relatives.

AWARD CONTRACT FOR STREETS

BOARD OF WORKS OPENS THE BIDS DURING TODAY'S SESSION.

Probable the Members Will Take Up Again the Question of Signs Hanging Over Streets.

During the meeting of the board of public works this afternoon the members of that body will open bids put in by contractors desiring to grade and gravel the following public thoroughfares: Clay from Seventeenth to Nineteenth streets, Twenty-second from Trimble to Mildred street, and Twenty-third from Trimble to Mildred streets. That portion of Twenty-second street that is to be improved is behind Oak Grove cemetery in the w-ly laid out addition to the city. Whichever contractor gets the work will start right away in order to get all the highways completed before extremely cold weather comes on. At present behind the cemetery there are only on or two thoroughfares graveled properly.

The board has a number of other questions to come before it this afternoon, one of the most important being the possibility of their resuming the street sign question which they considered at some length last Wednesday.

PACKERS NOW HAVE MERGED WITH \$500,000,000

The "Big Six" of Chicago Said to Be in the Combine.

Chicago, Oct. 23.—A gigantic combine of packing industries in this country is under way, according to a statement printed by the Chicago Post.

The story printed in the Post is to the effect that the combination is to have an aggregate capital of \$500,000,000 and to be controlled from England, where the majority of the money for the consolidation is said to be coming from.

It is declared that the Armour interests are to dominate the consolidation, and that it will include the following concerns in this city:

Armour & Co.; capital \$20,000,000, represented by stock held almost entirely by the Armour family. The company issues no statement of the volume of its business, but it is estimated to be between \$200,000,000 and \$250,000,000 a year. J. Ogden Armour is president.

Swift & Co.; capitalized at \$500,000,000, and has a bond issue of \$5,000,000. According to the statement of 1905 the gross sales amounted to \$200,000,000. Louis F. Swift is president.

Schwartzchild & Sulzberger; capital stock \$5,000,000 common and \$5,000,000 preferred, of which there has been issued \$4,372,400 of the common stock. There is outstanding \$3,000,000 three-year 5 per cent gold bonds, due in 1908. The balance sheet December 31, 1905, shows \$4,792,039 surplus, against \$4,444,521 for the year before.

National Packing company; capital stock authorized, \$15,000,000, and have assumed \$1,550,000 of the G. H. Hammond & Co. bonds and \$270,000 of Omaha Packing company's bonds.

Nelson Morris & Co.; capital \$10,000,000. No report is made of volume of business to stock exchange.

Cudahy & Co.; capital \$10,000,000. It made no report to stock exchange of gross earnings.

WHY HE QUIT THE MINISTRY

Tendency Wholly to Subserve the Interests of the Rich.

St. Louis, October 23.—Rev. Wilford W. Boyd, who resigned from the pastorate of the Second Baptist church in December, 1904, and soon after went abroad, recently returned, and last night gave out his reason for having quit the ministry.

"It is impossible for the preacher to preach his convictions," said he. "The tendency of the modern fashionable church is wholly to subserve the interests of the rich. That is why I have quit the ministry."

ALLEGED ELECTION BRIBERS' TRIAL

Similar Cases Against Democrats Nollod on Promise to "Sin No More."

Pulaski, Tenn., October 23.—The trial of alleged election bribers, including some of the most prominent citizens in the county, will begin in circuit court tomorrow. There are about half a dozen cases.

Four men charged with the same offense have had their cases nollod on payment of all costs and signing a statement to the effect that they will never violate the election laws again and will use every effort in their power to preserve the purity of the ballot in this county in future elections.

Will Adams, a young white man, was given a three-years' sentence in the penitentiary for horse stealing.

KENTUCKY'S LARGE PART

IN TOBACCO TRADE OF THE WORLD, ACCORDING TO WASHINGTON REPORTS.

Uncle Sam Supplied 90 Per Cent of All Imports of Leaf Into Great Britain.

Washington, Oct. 23.—Two bulletins recently issued by the department of justice contain a lot of interesting data relating to the traffic in tobacco the exports of that article from the United States, and the trade existing between this country and its non-contiguous possessions. Judging from the official figures printed, the product of Kentucky's tobacco fields cut a very wide swath throughout the whole world. It is shown that the United States exports more tobacco, as cotton, than any other country on earth, our shipments of tobacco amounting to 70 per cent of the world's exports.

Three hundred and thirty-four million pounds of tobacco alone was exported during the year 1905, 328,000,000 pounds of it being leaf tobacco. Of this over 30 per cent went to Great Britain, about 14 per cent to Germany, 12 per cent to France, and large quantities to Belgium, Italy, Netherlands and Spain.

Uncle Sam supplied 90 per cent of all the imports of leaf tobacco into Great Britain. The stems and trimmings were mostly consigned to Germany and the Netherlands. Forty per cent of our shipments of unmanufactured tobacco went through the port of New York, 30 per cent through Baltimore, and 12 per cent through New Orleans.

American Exports.

The money value of unmanufactured American tobacco exported last year is estimated at \$29,800,816. Besides the countries mentioned above, large consignments of leaf and trimmings went to Argentina, Australia, South Africa and the West Indies, Canada, China, Denmark, Japan, Mexico, Norway and nearly every country of Central and South America, and the colonies of the British, French, Germans and Portuguese throughout the world. No mention is made of chewing and other manufactured tobacco, because they are classed as manufactures and as separate and distinct from farm and forest products, to which latter subjects the bulletins under discussion only relate.

When it comes to the trade of this country with its non-contiguous territory, the department's bulletin shows that even to Porto Rico, where tobacco practically grows wild, we sent last year 500,000 pounds of tobacco worth \$166,000, in round numbers. During the same period we imported from Porto Rico a little over 2,000,000 pounds, valued at \$421,000. In spite of the fame of Manila cigars, this country only bought from the Philippines last year 3747 pounds of tobacco, worth \$922. No exports of tobacco from us to the Philippines are listed, but the advocates of free trade with that distant archipelago claim that such an economic arrangement would result in building up a big export trade of American tobacco to the Philippines.

No shipments of American tobacco to Hawaii, Guam, Tutuila or Midway islands are noted by the agricultural department for last year, and the same is true of imports of tobacco from those faraway places. This is largely due to the fact that the climate there, in most cases, is tropical and suited to the cultivation of tobacco.

Tobacco for Alaska.

As for Alaska, however, conditions are different, and last year we sent that frozen territory 10,682 pounds of leaf tobacco, valued at \$3,137. At the same time the department makes no estimate of tobacco brought into this country from Alaska last year. Presumably the people there are too busy mining gold to raise the weed. A small importation from Alaska of 300 pounds of leaf tobacco worth \$90 in 1904 is listed.

The figures for last year for our tobacco exports are placed alongside those of the two previous years, and, almost without exception, the exports during 1905 showed a gratifying increase over the figures for 1904 and 1903. At the present rate of the world's consumption of the weed it would appear that there is a big enough demand to enable the tobacco trust, the independent dealers and the farmers of Kentucky, Tennessee, Virginia, North Carolina and other states each to get a good share of the profits in the business of supplying the people of the world with tobacco in all its forms.

Secrets behind the hand often are but stabs in the back.

H. T. Rivers, M. D.

OFFICE 120 NORTH FIFTH

TELEPHONES.

Residence 296 Office 251

TWO ESTIMATES FOR THE WORK

BRIDGES GETS THE ESTIMATE FOR CONCRETE SIDEWALKS.

Southern Bitulithic People Get Another Estimate for Street and Storm Sewer Work.

City Engineer L. A. Washington has his assistant, Robert B. Richardson, at work now making out the estimates showing how much the abutting property owners owe the contractor for the bitulithic street, concrete sidewalk and storm sewer work done on Kentucky avenue from First to Ninth, on Jefferson from First to Ninth, and on Sixth, Seventh and Ninth from the avenue to Jefferson.

There are two different bills made out for the entire work, because two contractors are interested. Contractor Bridges laid the concrete sidewalks and one bill is figured out for him, showing how much every property owner owes for each front foot of walk. The Southern Bitulithic company got the contract for the bitulithic street and storm sewers, and both these improvements will be included in the separate bill for them.

The city finance committee now has under advisement the question of the municipal government filing an ex parte suit in the circuit court to see whether the city has to pay for these storm sewers, or whether the property owners along the above mentioned streets. The property owners contend they do not have to pay because when the sanitary sewers were laid the abutting property was taxed the limit that could be assessed against it for any character of sewers. Because of this they claim the city has to pay for the storm sewers.

Engineer Washington has received instructions to proceed with his estimates, assessing the storm sewer cost to the property owners, and he will continue doing this until countermanding orders are received by the city boards. By the dilatory manner in which it is handling the ex parte suit proposition the finance committee may be giving the engineer unnecessary work, because if the court decides the city has to pay, Mr. Wash-

PASSING OF OLD PLAYERS

"BUCK" EWING'S DEMISE RECALLS DAYS WHEN HE WAS BEST BACKSTOP.

The death of William Buckingham ("Buck") Ewing marks the passing of another of the old guard, who built up baseball in the troublous days when it was a struggling sport. In every town in the National league where he had played, the memory of Ewing will always be kept green, and particularly in Cincinnati and New York, which cities knew him in his palmyest years as the best catcher in the game, one of the most feared batsmen, a grand thrower to bases, and a leader of exceptional worth.

Since retiring from the game Ewing has lived in Cincinnati, in comfortable circumstances, for he had saved his money, and was always a lover of baseball, attending the games after it was no longer possible for him to actively participate in the pastime.

He made his start as a catcher for the Rochester club at the princely salary of \$35 per month, but soon rose to a place with the National league at Troy, where he was better paid. He was made catcher of the New York Giants in 1883, and under his able leadership they won the honors of '88 and '89. After one year with the Brotherhood, he returned to the Giants for several seasons, and in 1893 became a member of the Cleveland team. From 1895 to 1899 he managed the Cincinnati Reds, and kept that aggregation well up in the race all the years except the last.

Stuttgart, Germany, dissatisfied with the high prices which even the very poorest of the population are obliged to pay for funerals, has resolved to build a city crematorium and to offer cremation to the poor at terms far below those which even moderate undertakers charge.

Keep the wolf of worry from your door and you will not need to fear many other wild beasts.—Chicago Tribune.

ington will have to make out a new set of estimates. The court cannot act until the finance committee institutes the action.

FINE TAILORED SUITS FOR WOMEN

STYLE, QUALITY AND FINE TAILORING CHARACTERIZE THESE SUITS IN A MOST PLEASING MANNER. IN PRICING THEM WE EMPHATICALLY DEMONSTRATE OUR ABILITY TO OFFER HIGH-GRADE WEARABLES AT EXTREMELY POPULAR PRICES. THE MATERIALS FROM WHICH THEY ARE MADE ARE THE MOST POPULAR AND DESIRABLE KINDS.

Price \$12 to \$40

CHILDREN'S LONG COATS

HEAVY-WEIGHT CLOTH LONG COATS, CUFF AND COLLARS TRIMMED, AGES 6 TO 14 YEARS.....\$5

FANCY MIXED OR PLAID CLOTH BOX COAT.....\$10

Cloak Samples

Saturday, the 27th, a representative from a large cloak house will be here with his line of samples. We will be glad to have every one who is interested in cloaks or suits call.

Corset Fitting

For a few days, commencing November 1st, Mrs. Greatrix, an expert corset specialist, will give fittings of the celebrated Redfern Corsets.

SMART AND FETCHING FALL STYLES IN MILINERY AT POPULAR PRICES.

Rugs

We have several Rugs made from remnants of carpets in assorted room sizes. All very cheap.

Silk Petticoats

We are offering a very attractive line of black and colored Silk Petticoats. Prices \$3.45 to \$5.00.

L. B. Ogilvie & Co.

Broadway and Fourth

AGENTS FOR BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS.

"WATCHES"

Are you interested in a good time piece? We have a swell line in Dueber Hampden watches, one of the most popular in the market. We can supply an Elgin, Waltham or any movement you wish. Let us repair your watch.

PHONE 161 OLD

If your clock is out of order, we will call for it and warrant every job in our line. Beautiful wedding presents in sterling silver, cut glass or hand painted china. We are offering some special low prices for the next 10 days.

Eye-See Jewelry & Optical Co.

315 BROADWAY

J. A. Konetzka, Jeweler and Optician.



My delicate cakes are not spoiled by bad odors in my Buck's Sanitary oven.

LET US SEND YOU A BUCK'S STEEL RANGE—OR A BUCK'S HEATER—ON THIRTY DAYS' FREE TRIAL. THIS SALE FOR THIRTY DAYS ONLY. ANY STOVE BOUGHT THIS WEEK WILL BE HELD FOR FUTURE DELIVERY.



112-114-116 NORTH FOURTH ST. PADUCAH, KY.



Take them off if they hurt. You cannot wear the "pinch" out of a shoe. But you can buy a shoe without the pinch. The Hanan Shoe, for instance. Feels as comfortable as your stocking, built along graceful lines and holds its shape until the last minute.

Isn't such a shoe worth paying a little more for? Hanan Shoes for women, too.

COCHRAN SHOE CO

405 BROADWAY.

"ONE PAIR SELLS ANOTHER—THAT'S QUALITY."

Claimed To Be Immortal But Avengers Bullet Laid Him Low

IMMORAL AND CORRUPT HEAD OF FANATICAL "HOLY ROLLERS" SLAIN BY BROTHER OF GIRL VICTIM. AVENGER IS IN TURN MURDERED BY THE GIRL HE HAD SAVED.

Is there another girl on earth as friendless as Esther Mitchell, 18 years old?

Not a soul will say a kind word for her. No lawyer will take her case. Not a newspaper will publish a line in her defense. Not a woman will come forward to cheer her up one particle.

"And," say the men of two states, Washington and Oregon, "it serves her right."

Esther Mitchell killed her brother. He had just been acquitted on a charge of murder himself, he dared take the life of "Joshua" Creffield, head of the sect of Holy Rollers. This religious pervert, this fanatic, this arch-conspirator against family and home, had a peculiar fascination over women. He took wives away from husbands, mothers away from babies, sweethearts away from lovers, daughters away from fathers, sisters away from brothers.

Creffield took Esther Mitchell away from her father and her brothers. He told her that she was to be the mother of the second Christ. And she believed. She left her home; she sat at the right hand of Creffield, at the wild goings-on of the Holy Rollers. She forgot everything.

The brother begged her to come home. She refused. He knew the fate of other girls like herself who had joined the Holy Rollers. So he saved her from that fate. He killed Creffield, the man who said he was immortal.

And Esther Mitchell killed her brother in the very same way because he killed the man whom she took to be the personification of God upon earth, says a correspondent of the New York World. In old truth, on the other hand, Satan could have learned much from Creffield. And, for this very reason, the girl who killed her brother because he killed the man she believed to be divine has not a friend on earth.

Once a Salvationist.

Once upon a time Franz Edmund Creffield was a Salvation Army officer. Three years ago he dropped that and started a sect of his own. He gathered about him a little company of followers on Kiger island, in the Columbia river, Oregon. Most of them came from the town of Corvallis and the little hamlets in the neighborhood. Esther Mitchell was then a slip of a girl, just 15. She became one of his first converts. Her sister, Mrs. Burgess Starr, also forsook her husband for the man Creffield. Maud Hurt was his third convert, or rather victim. She married him.

"I am to be the father of the second Christ!" he proclaimed, and they believed him. More and more the women flocked to Creffield. Then the law took a hand and he was sent to the penitentiary for a second term. Most of his victims went insane after that and, one by one, were sent to asylums and retreats. A few recovered. Nothing daunted, after serving his term Creffield started in again. Once more Mrs. Starr and Esther Mitchell, now a beautiful girl of 18, came at his bidding. They ran away from their homes.

And George Mitchell, a farmer boy of 20, made up his mind that he would save them if he could. Other men who had suffered in the same way went with him to find Creffield. They were armed, and they meant to kill. George Mitchell was the first to run down the man. He heard that this self-styled "Joshua" was in Seattle. He came here; he found him in the heart of the town.

There was just one shot. Creffield fell dead with a bullet through the middle of his brain. The whole state was aflame with joy at the deed. Citizens who had suffered at Creffield's hands hailed young Mitchell as their deliverer. Corvallis raised a handsome fund to defend the young man.

Honorably Acquitted.

The boy was put on trial. His technical defense was emotional insanity. But his attorneys did not attempt to disguise the fact that this plea was simply a legal loophole. To the 12 jurors was told the whole sad story of the Holy Rollers. They needed no more. George Mitchell was honorably acquitted. It could not have been otherwise.

Esther Mitchell demanded to be a witness against her brother. She was heard.

Fred Mitchell and Perry Mitchell, the girl's brothers, came from Oregon to help their brother. Their father journeyed all the way from his farm in Illinois to be near his boy. He begged the girl to go back home with him.

"I will not," she declared, "I am of age and I am going to stay here to await Joshua's coming again. I shall live with Mrs. Creffield."

George Mitchell was hailed as a hero when he was formally discharged from custody. He was offered a position in Portland, and there he made up his mind to go. The three brothers and Esther were gathered at the

station here in Seattle.

"I want to make up with George," said the girl to her brother Perry. He called his brother. The girl shook hands with the man who had protected her and said: "I came down to see you off."

Shot Down by Sister.

She had a coat on her arm and asked Perry to hold it for her. It concealed a revolver. She raised it, fired, and George Mitchell fell over dead. The sister calmly took her seat on a bench and waited for the police to come and arrest her.

"I tried to shoot him in the same place that he shot Mr. Creffield," she said, quite calmly. "I knew that if he could kill Joshua I could kill George by hitting him in the same spot."

"He has killed a holy man and he ought to be hanged," she said, with perfect composure. "I want to see my brother live long enough to make his peace with God then he should lie."

Has Not a Friend in Seattle.

"Hang her!" is the terse verdict of the men and women of Seattle. She has not a friend in all the town. Not even the hysterical women who enjoy visiting a wife-murderer or a man who killed his mother, will go near the girl.

"Not for any amount," said one of the representative lawyers of Seattle, when asked if he would defend the girl.

His brethren of the bar are likewise unanimous in their resolve not to take the defense. It will come down to something like the case of the man who assassinated President McKinley. Some prominent lawyer will be named by the court, and he will have to undertake a perfunctory defense.

Creffield's widow is in the county jail. She frankly admits that she induced Esther Mitchell to kill her brother.

The two had it all planned between them. Mrs. Creffield wished Esther success when they parted, the girl to go to the railway station to kill her brother, the woman to go to the cemetery to pray over her husband's grave. She called upon his spirit to make the girl's aim certain.

The Holy Rollers.

The sect of the Holy Rollers has set these two states of the north Pacific coast by the ears. Creffield founded it in September, 1903. He taught some of Ruskin's theories about plain living and high thinking, and many women became his followers. But all this high-sounding talk was only a mask for what was to come. Soon Creffield was revealed in his true colors.

"I am Creffield no longer," he announced, "but the apostle Joshua reincarnated. I am Christ's equal; I am another Christ."

When he had things as he wanted them he ordered the women to leave their families and follow him. Many of them did so. His followers were taught that to obtain atonement for their sins they must roll at his feet.

The women were taught that it was sinful to wear anything save a light wrapper. They were forbidden to sit on chairs or lie on beds. They slept on the floor and sat on the floor. Men, women and children slept in one large room together. Sacrificial fires became a part of the religion. Dogs and cats were burned alive as a sacrifice to God. On one occasion a woman was caught trying to make a living sacrifice of a child.

Once indignant citizens tarred and feathered Creffield and one Brooks, a male follower. Brooks disappeared. The women took in Creffield and cleaned him. He went to Portland. There Burgess Starr had him arrested and he had to do two years. Then his women followers were declared insane, one after the other, and sent to asylums. But when Creffield came out it was the same story all over again.

And so followed the man's death at the hands of the brother of the girl he had wronged.

Today Esther Mitchell and Mrs. Creffield, who was Maud Hurt, both glory in their deed. They think it a martyrdom for their religion. They rejoice that they have not a friend in the world, for they do not care for friends.

"They may do what they want with me," says Esther Mitchell, the friendless, "for I have only done my duty."

ROYAL FLUSH LOSES \$3,850 POT

"Stranger" Rung in on Boy Thief on Whom Pittsburg Crooks Got Rich.

Chicago, Oct. 23.—A Pittsburg telegram says.

It was learned today that the exact amount of money stolen from the Union Trust Company, of Pittsburg, by Receiving Teller Wray and Bookkeeper Hixton was \$385,000. District Attorney Stewart has begun an investigation which threatens to land others in the same penitentiary to which Wray and Hixton were sent yesterday. Although several well-known gamblers and bucketshop keepers



FROM THE PITTSBURG COAL CO. OFFICE 126 BROADWAY. TELEPHONES NO. 3 PADUCAH.

Facts that cannot be Denied:

When you buy Pittsburg Coal you get bigger bushels, better coal and the most coal. Every load weighed by a sworn weigher and certified to be correct. Every lump is of superior quality and dug by skilled union miners. It holds fire over night and it don't clinker. No slate no dirt, no sulphur, no waste and no bad odor in the house from burning it.

Our Pittsburg coal gives satisfaction and you get value received for your money. Let us quote you prices.

PITTSBURG COAL CO.

Office 126 Broadway. Jas. J. O'Donnell, Manager. Both Phones No. 3.

have left the city.

It is known that nearly every crook and gambler in the city got a bit of the immense sum of money stolen from the banking house of H. C. Frick and United States Senator Knox and that crooked games of every sort were framed for Wray and Hixton. In one game of poker in a downtown hotel a game arranged especially for Wray's benefit the bank teller lost over \$10,000. He lost \$3,850 in one deal, though he held the invincible poker hand—a royal flush. Affairs were so manipulated that a pair of sixes beat Wray.

How the "Sure Thing" Worked. The royal flush hand play was as follows:

Wray had an ace, king, jack and ten of diamonds, with a black card, when he "staid" in a jackpot. The player to his left raised the pot hard before the draw and an immense amount of money was put in before cards were drawn. Wray discarded his black card, and drew to his four diamonds, and, picking up his card, he found the queen of diamonds, giving him a "royal flush."

The gambler who had raised the pot before the draw took no cards and after Wray had bet heavily this man raised several thousand dollars. Wray, with his "royal flush," called the bet for all the money he had in this one pot, threw his hand down face up on the table and began to rake in the thousands.

The gambler who had not drawn cards reached over, turned Wray's cards face down on the table, and spread them out, then called attention to the fact that one card was a "stranger," that the pattern on the back did not correspond with the other cards.

This "stranger" was the queen of diamonds which had been dealt Wray, evidently from the top of another deck, and it made his hand foul. All the money went to the other fellow, who had not drawn cards, and who showed a pair of sixes.

Their Credit Good With Sharks.

This was, but one of the many crooked games worked on the young men. It is openly asserted here that

Strong Fresh SPICES

Are a revelation of richness and delicious to the housewife who has already used "ordinary" spices. Our spices are pure, and fresh, having the strength, aroma and fine flavors which nature alone can give. Use them in your canning pickling and preserving.

J. H. Oehlschlaeger

DRUG GIST

SIXTH AND BROADWAY

the credit of Wray and Hixton was good in some of the bucketshops, where the wealth of a millionaire does not entitle him to credit. The young men were always forced to make good their losses of the previous day before they could deal again, and a sort of whip was held over their heads by the bucketshop people. If they did not pay up they would be exposed at the bank, and they would always pay—though they had to get the money from the bank to do it. It is promised in Pittsburg that there will be a general investigation, and that several of the bucketshops will be forced to close, if, indeed, the owners are not indicted for conspiracy to defraud the big Union Trust Company by blackmailing employees, who were in their toils and who they undoubtedly knew were not getting by any honest means the thousands spent daily.

WHERE DID YOU BUY YOUR PIANO?



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Baldwin's
They Make Them

W. T. Miller,
Selected This

He and His Brother Have a Large New Stock at
518 BROADWAY

E. P. BOURQUIN, TUNER.

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VETERINARY SURGEON AND DENTIST.

Graduate from Alfortville Veterinary school (Paris, France) also Ontario Veterinary school and Detroit Dental college. Charter member of the Ohio Veterinary Medical Association. Will treat scientifically with the latest improved instruments and up to date treatment—all diseases of domesticated animals.

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Campbell Building. Both Phones 369

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THE REGISTER

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Six Months 2.50
Three Months 1.25
One Week50

Anyone failing to receive this paper regularly should report the matter to The Register Office at once. Telephone Cumberland 318.



Wednesday Morning October 24, 1906.

Give The City a New Deal.

Less than two weeks now remains, within which time the voters must make up their minds for whom they will vote. In our opinion the time has arrived in this country when it is to the interest of the people to demand a new deal all around. We need a general house cleaning, both as to men and issues. The country has progressed in spite of many handicaps, and all that is needed for the people to reap the full benefits of a government of the people, by the people and for the people is to make a clean sweep of men in office and put new men in charge.

It is a common failing of men who are continued in office year after year to become imbued with the idea that the offices belong to them and with that idea in their heads it is but natural for them to conduct the offices for their own benefit, for the benefit of their particular friends, and in many instances for the benefits of those who compensate the officeholders, either directly or indirectly for favors or privileges granted.

We earnestly believe that if we could have an entire change of men in charge of our national affairs, that it would be to the interest of the people—mind you, we say the people and not the favored classes who have waxed rich at the expense of the people and contributed so largely in money and power in naming the representatives. For instance take the millions of surplus that has been piled up by the gigantic insurance companies. If that money had remained in the pockets of the policyholders the country would have been better off. The revelations of the insurance scandals show to what use millions of that money has been put, namely, in princely salaries to the favored few, and also millions disbursed to political parties and through other questionable channels. The same argument holds good in regard to the protective tariff—the many have been robbed for the benefit of the trust barons. Billions of dollars have thereby been taken from the masses, when if that money had remained with the consumers it would now be scattered from one end of the land to the other, and be employed in enabling the little fellows, or men with small means, to obtain many additional comforts of life or increased advantages for his family.

In the state of Kentucky we need a change. We do not find fault with men who seek office or have ambitions to serve, but there are others just as patriotic, and just as ambitious to serve as those who have for years been on the rolls. Kentucky has many able and distinguished men, and by making a change every now and then it will redound to the glory of all. Men who have been honored time and again with public office, should feel it incumbent on them to step aside and give others a show; If they will not do so, then the people should retire them. That a machine exists in Kentucky, no one will deny, but it is nothing more than will occur in any state, county or city where the people are too indifferent to assert themselves. The beauty about clean sweeps, every year or two, is that schemers do not have the time to perfect their plans. A well established machine means the overturning of the rule of the people. Kentucky will not be harmed by a new deal.

In the city of Paducah is where

we are more deeply interested than anywhere else, and every citizen should feel the same way. It is here that we live and exist. Each of us is conversant with the conditions. We have had democratic general councils and we have had republican general councils, yet taxes must be paid and it has been very much the same under both parties. It is a fact that under democratic rule Paducah achieved the reputation of "The widest open town in the country," and much of the existing evils of today can still be attributed to men of that faith and who have made a specialty of politics. Just why they cater to the criminal element, we do not propose at this time to discuss, but we do fix the responsibility where it belongs, and it rests upon their shoulders. Let them deny it if they can. The police department of Paducah can close every bawdy house, every gambling hell and every lawless saloon in this city. They are not closed but run wide open under their very eyes. As it is a fact that these dens of iniquity are suffered to exist, then those who are responsible for those conditions should have the courage to come out like men and assume the responsibility. At any rate they cannot take offense at The Register for placing it where it belongs, and if they do not relish the privilege we take, they can in a measure clear their skirts within forty-eight hours, by closing up those places. When the police department says the word and means it, it will be obeyed. A ticket nominated by this very influence is before the people. It contains the names of some good men, but the fact that campaign contributions are being solicited from the liquor interests upon the grounds that the ticket is for that interest, emphasizes the reasons for a new deal.

From a moral standpoint, Paducah reaped benefit in the change from a democratic general council to a republican general council. The republicans had the courage to close many of the lawless saloons against which the citizens did complain. We believe in fixing the responsibility for the good as well as the bad. The republicans are entitled to credit for what they did to improve the morals of the city. When that has been said, all has been said that can be said in their favor.

While Paducah has to contend with the lawless saloon evil, there are other social evils that menace it, but no steps have been taken to fix the responsibility and to apply the lawful remedy. After certain republican leaders became identified with the brewery, the republicans in the general council weakened on the saloon district proposition that was to come before them. Notice had been served through the press that before the end of this year a district would be defined for the saloons, and that was the last we heard of it. We wish to be frank with our readers, and ask if we are not dealing in facts all along the line?

What The Register considers to be one of the greatest menaces to the future welfare of Paducah is the domination of the corporations over our general councils for ten or fifteen years past, and it is our opinion that the present republican general council is more closely allied with the public corporations than any of the preceding bodies. The general council seems to be the most abject corporation tools of any that has ever come under our observation. Nearly every move has been to promote and advance the interests of the corporation gang and in direct conflict with the interests of the people.

The crowning infamy, however, was when the republican board of aldermen overturned the constitutional rights of a thousand petitioners by refusing to submit to the voters of this city the question of whether or not the city should own a water and light plant. That outrage upon the rights of the people deserves the condemnation of every American citizen. Five men absolutely took it upon themselves to deny the people this lawful right. By their act they proclaimed themselves masters of the people, and not their servants. The public must also bear in mind that it was the republican general council that did all in its power to close down the city's light plant and turn the street lighting over to the lighting corporation. In franchise grants it has been most liberal to the traction company in the terms and have not properly safeguarded the interests

of the people. Municipal ownership is desired by a majority of the people of this city, but the republican general council is determined that the people shall not have it. They are there to tighten the hold of the corporations on the people. They ask the people to vote \$100,000 for parks, which is but a blow to municipal ownership. They ask the people to vote an eighteen year contract with the water company, which but means to forever cut off the city from building a plant of its own. Anything that will prevent the city from engaging in municipal ownership, the republican general council favors, and through the board of aldermen it has insolently denied the people the right to vote upon the question. This is the record of the republican general council, and it is not entitled to the confidence or the votes of the people of this city. Therefore, every voter should make it his business to vote against that ticket.

In question of municipal ownership is no experiment and is something that will save the people of Paducah thousands of dollars each year, by putting a stop to high rates that must be paid to meet dividends on watered stock, the profits on which have already gone into the pockets of a coterie of financial schemers and franchise grabbers. Every voter should be on the alert and not vote for anything that will prevent this city from engaging in municipal ownership.

The independent ticket for general council is pledged to give the people a vote on the proposition of municipal ownership, as well as to oppose further encroachments by the corporations upon the rights of the people. The fight in Paducah, and the only real issue in this city is whether the corporations or the people shall rule. If you are for the people, you should vote the independent ticket. That ticket will also look to the right side of all moral questions. What Paducah needs is a clean sweep and a new deal. This will be accomplished by the election of the independent ticket. Its success means that next year in the general election that the party leaders must look to the people for votes and not to the corporations and the criminal element. A complete change will help the city, and everything that helps the city benefits every good citizen.

The Register has always stood for the people and only has the interest of the people at heart when it urges all the voters irrespective of party lines to aid in giving us a new deal.

Negro Concealment of Negro Misdeeds.

It is characteristic of the negro to studiously conceal any evidence of another negro's crime, regardless of how heinous the crime may be, says the Owensboro Inquirer. Of course there are negroes who are an exception to this rule, but it applies to them as a race. The detectives and police officers in any city or county where there are negroes will all tell you that they find it almost impossible to get any information from negroes with reference to a crime committed by a negro. In fact, every stumbling block possible is thrown in the way of the officers, instead of rendering every aid possible in running down and punishing the criminal element of their race.

A striking example of this race characteristic of the negro is given in the case of troubles caused by the negro soldiers at Brownsville, Texas. The negro troops painted the town red, and resented with guns any interference on the part of the civil authorities with their outrageous conduct. The war department moved the soldiers to El Reno, Okla., in order to prevent bloodshed at Brownsville, as the citizens of that city were arming themselves to call the negro troops to an accounting for their disgraceful acts. Not all the soldiers in the battalion engaged in the rioting. The war department called upon the battalion for the names of the guilty persons. They refused to give them. President Roosevelt has notified them that the entire battalion will be dishonorably discharged if the information is not forthcoming. In this case the negro can not have the alleged excuse that he withholds the information because he fears that the negro will not get justice in the trial for his crime. It is the United States that is dealing with him and not the officers of a state.

However, he finds that his efforts to conceal the crimes of members of his race are not tolerated by the officers of the United States any more readily than by the state officers. He must learn to be an honorable and upright citizen and ever ready to assist in putting down crime, among the members of his own race.

Regular appreciation of your work will not be created by the depreciation of that of others.

ALL BUT THE MUSIC ARRANGED

MR. LEWIS L. BEBOUT WILL PRESIDE OVER MEMORIAL SERVICES.

Mr. Barkley Delivers Oration on Order, and Hon. J. S. Ross the Eulogy on the Dead.

All but the musical features of the annual memorial services for the Red Men next Sunday have been outlined by the committee in charge. Mr. Lewis L. Bebout, past great sachem for the state, will preside over the ceremonies, while an oration upon Red Men will be delivered by Hon. Alben Barkley, the county attorney; his remarks touching upon the character and objects of the secret order. Attorney J. S. Ross will deliver the general eulogistic address on behalf of the lodge brethren who have died since the last memorial held two years ago. Mrs. Samuel Winstead has been given charge of arranging the musical features, and as soon as she does this, the program in full will be gotten out. She is the organist of the Broadway Methodist church where the ceremonies will be conducted at 3 o'clock next Sunday afternoon.

The members in whose memory the exercises are to be conducted, are Jacob Foltz, Wade Short, Elihu Harris, William Winston and James F. Crow.

RUSHES FROM PRISON INTO ARMS OF WIFE, WHO SECURED PARDON.

James Ekas, Defaulter, Freed by Intervention President Roosevelt. Pittsburgh, Oct. 23.—With a sob of gratitude and joy James Ekas, the young defaulter, emerged from the shadow of the Riverside penitentiary this morning a free man and embraced the wife who was waiting for him there and through whose efforts he had been released three years before his sentence would have expired on account of the intervention of President Roosevelt.

It was just two years ago today that Ekas began to serve his five-year sentence for embezzlement. Had it not been for his wife's devotion and never-ceasing efforts in his behalf he would still have most of his sentence to serve. But she secured the attention of the government and through her constant pleading in his behalf an order of clemency was secured.

October 22, 1904, Ekas was sentenced to five years for misappropriation of \$4,800 from the National Bank of Tarentum.

METHODIST REVIVAL.

Rev. Armstrong is Being Assisted by Rev. O. L. Martin of Dyersburg.

Rev. W. W. Armstrong of the Trimble Street Methodist church has commenced a series of protracted meetings at his church, the preaching being done by Rev. O. L. Martin of Dyersburg Tenn. The revival started Sunday and services have been conducted only of nighttime, but beginning today worship will be held in the afternoon at 2:45 o'clock each day.

Last evening Rev. Warren preached on "True Foundation" while his theme for this evening is "Qualification of Church Workers." He is one of the most vigorous and far-reaching divines ever conducting services here and large crowds are attending each meeting. The public is cordially invited to be present.

GOES TO ISTHMUS

NEXT MONTH.

President Will Make the Trip in the Big Battleship Louisiana.

Philadelphia, Oct. 23.—Official notice has been posted at League Island navy yard to the effect that the cruiser Washington will leave on or about November 1 for Hampton Roads. The Tennessee, it is expected, will pass about a couple of days later, and the two warships will act as escorts for President Roosevelt on his trip to Panama.

The president has selected the new battleship Louisiana for his flagship during the voyage. His plan now is to go aboard the Louisiana at New York on November 8 and to join the convoy at Hampton Roads. It is possible, however, that he will go down the Potomac on the yacht Delphin and meet the Louisiana.

The trip will require about six days each way. The sailors and marines on the Washington and Tennessee are elated at having been chosen as the president's escort. The two vessels are the newest and among the finest cruisers in the navy. Neither ship has her full complement of men, but when the Minneapolis and Brooklyn arrive from Havana part of their crews will be transferred.

A farewell ball given by the officers and men of the Tennessee will take place tomorrow night. Four hundred invitations have been issued, and guests will be present from as far distant as Tennessee.

RACKET STORE

A LOT OF LADIES CHANGABLE SILK PETTICOATS IN BLUE, RED, BROWN AND GREEN—THE REGULAR FIVE DOLLAR KIND—AT \$3.49. THIS PURCHASE COMES FROM A FACTORY THAT IS OVERSTOCKED.

"Heatherbloom" Petticoats

IN BLACK AND COLORS AT \$1.98. HEATHERBLOOM IS A COTTON FABRIC THAT CRACKLES LIKE SILK.

WE HAVE BLACK SATTEEN PETTICOATS AT 99c AND \$1.48 THAT ARE WONDERFUL VALUES.

Dress Goods

WE OFFER THE REAL DANISH CLOTH IN BLACK, CREAM AND ALL COLORS AT 15c A YARD.

SPECIAL VALUES

IN ALL WOOL FRENCH SERGE AND BATISTE—YARD WIDE AT 58c A YARD FOR BLACK AND ALL COLORS. ALL WOOL YARD WIDE PANAMA SUITING IN BLACK AND COLORS AT 50c A YARD.

Venetians and Broadcloths

WE OFFER THE BIGGEST VALUE YOU HAVE EVER BOUGHT IN THESE TWO LINES OF GOODS.

HIGH CLASS VENETIAN AND BROADCLOTH 46 TO 50 INCHES WIDE AT 98c YARD WORTH \$1.50. THIS IS A STRONG STATEMENT AND THE GOODS ARE HERE TO SHOW YOU.

WE CAN'T OFFER A YARD OF THESE GOODS AT LESS THAN \$1.50 WHEN PRESENT STOCK IS GONE.

WOULDN'T YOU BE INTERESTED IN A STRICTLY ALL WOOL LARGE SIZE BLANKET A \$3.98 A PAIR? THIS IS THE PRICE OF TWO YEARS AGO. WOOLEN GOODS HAVE ADVANCED IN MANY CASES ONE FOURTH BUT WE HAVE DECIDED TO SELL THESE BLANKETS AT THE OLD PRICE. THEY COME IN WHITE, GREY AND ALL THE COLORS IN PLAIDS.

PURCELL & THOMPSON

407 BROADWAY. PADUCAH, KY

Watch

Diamonds



WARRANTED JEWELRY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS IN STOCK.

EDISON AND VICTOR PHONOGRAPHS AND A GENERAL SUPPLY OF MUSIC ON HAND.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY, IT WILL PAY YOU TO CALL AND SEE OUR STOCK.

WARREN & WARREN

JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS
417 Broadway.

DR. J. D. SMITH, of Paducah

Anti-License Prohibition Candidate for Congress.



The way to kill an evil is to shoot it to death with your vote.

The way to perpetuate an evil is to regulate, restrict and protect it with your vote.

IF YOU WANT THE TRAFFIC DESTROYED I WANT YOUR VOTE.

Notice Sportsmen !

WE HAVE THE MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF SHOT GUNS AND RIFLES IN THE CITY.

LOADED SHELLS

ANY BRAND OR LOAD.

HUNTING COATS

A VERY LARGE STOCK TO SELECT FROM.

LET US SHOW YOU THE ABOVE LINE IF IN NEED OF SUCH GOODS AND WE WILL SAVE YOU MOSEY.

HANK BROS.

WHOLESALE HIDE THEFT

WORD FROM GOLCONDA IS
THAT THIEVES STOLE
ABOUT TWENTY.

"BULLY" ELROD CHARGED
WITH BAD CONDUCT

FOUR WARRANTS CHARGING
PEOPLE WITH LETTING
COWS OUT.

Will Cherry Warranted on Charge of
Cursing in Presence of Ladies
Aboard Street Car.

Beef hides by the wholesale were stolen yesterday morning at Golconda, Ill., above here on the Ohio river, and the police authorities are keeping a lookout for two men supposed to have taken them. Last night Lieutenant Thomas Potter got a long distance telephone message from the city marshal of Shawneetown, Ill., asking that a search be made of the river. The Shawneetown man said that the Golconda people had telephoned there to have the Ohio scanned closely, as it was believed that the parties who got the hides were en route down the stream in a houseboat. The suspects had gotten by Shawneetown by the time the message came, so the marshal of the latter place forwarded the information on here. He did not know from whom the hides had been stolen, but said there were about twenty gone, and had been taken from some man's slaughter house. The suspects are described as an old man and a young man.

Disorderly Conduct.
Bud Elrod was arrested yesterday on the charge of disorderly conduct and gave bond for his appearance in the police court this morning. It is claimed he drove recklessly over the streets and acted disorderly down in front of the New Richmond hotel yesterday morning. He was arrested by Officers Johnson and Cross.

Cow Warrants.
Lycurgus Rice, the official cow catcher for the city, yesterday caught a number of bovines upon the streets and got warrants for the owners, who are Sam Temple, Mrs. Bettie Grief and Joseph Hughes. One cow's owner could not be learned, and a warrant was issued against the animal which is described as a red Jersey dehorned cow with underbit in right ear.

Housebreaking Charged.
Judge Puryear yesterday issued the housebreaking warrant against Oscar Hoffman, the negro waiter of the St. Nicholas hotel, who is charged with entering the bed rooms of Dick Hogan and Harry Simmons above the J. C. Hast saloon at Third and Washington streets and stealing the large amount of garments and bed clothing. He will be tried this morning.

Negro Slightly Cut.
Last evening some strange white man entered the Schulte saloon at Seventh and Jackson streets and after a few words with an unknown darky, struck the latter with a hatchet which slightly cut the darky's wrist. Before the police could arrive the two had gone and no arrests were made.

Boy Got Home.
The little orphan boy Harry Miller who was left here by Rev. Pickering when the latter left town, was yesterday gotten a home by Chief James Collins with Mr. K. C. Rose the well known dye man of South Third street. It is a good home of

That run-down, tired feeling is the
first symptom of **MALARIA**, take

**Bacon's Malarial
Tonic Capsules**

The specific for all malaria. Has
cured others. Will cure you.

Price 50 Cents Per Box.

**BACON'S
DRUG STORE.**

Seventh and Jackson St. Phone 231

nice people and the boy is well pleased.

Horse Missing.
C. C. Lee yesterday notified the department that his sorrel horse had strayed away.

Disorderly On Car.
Inspector Lawless of the street car company, last night for a warrant against Will Cherry, a former hack driver for the transfer company charging Cherry with getting disorderly and cursing in the presence of ladies and other passengers on the Union depot car. The conductor claims Cherry, after the car got to the depot, pulled his gun and wanted to have trouble with the conductor because the latter tried to quiet Cherry.

SETTLEMENT OF SHERIFF

HE CONSTRUES THE LAW TO
MEAN MARCH 1ST IS
LAST MOMENT.

Sate Auditor Hagar Said While Here
That He Thought That Was
What New Act Meant.

Sheriff John Ogilvie yesterday stated that in glancing over laws enacted during the state legislature of last January and February, he finds one new one does not compel the sheriffs to make settlement with the state auditor until the first of March for the preceding year's taxes. That is the way he construes the new legislation and several weeks since while Auditor Hagar was here the sheriff had the latter to read this portion over, and the latter was of the opinion that it did not require the settlement until the time mentioned.

Heretofore the sheriff has always been required to settle with the auditor for the state taxes collected in each county, by the first of December. Sheriff Ogilvie will settle by then for many thousands of dollars, and possibly for all due the commonwealth, but if he desires he can now wait until the first of next March before doing this.

He is now working on his delinquent list which will shortly be published, showing the names of all who owe for this year, and whose property will be sold if they do not pay up.

MUST GO TO WORK OR LEAVE SECTION

Every Idle, Indolent Negro in Union
County, S. C.

Augusta, Ga., Oct. 23.—A special from Jonesville, Union County, S. C., says: A proclamation was posted last night by white citizens warning every idle, indolent negro in the community to go to work at once or leave the community, else drastic measures will be taken.

The proclamation is the outgrowth of threats made against a prominent farmer by several negroes, one of whom was captured Sunday night and severely whipped. He broke away from his captors and created a panic at a negro church by dashing into the building while services were in progress.

SHUNNED BY TRIBE.
Indian Died an Outcast Because He
Had the Misfortune to Be
Buried Alive.

Pauls Valley, I. T., Oct. 23.—The outcast Indian, John Stink, is dead. His body, the condition of which indicated that he had paused to the happy hunting grounds some days ago, was found by a party of hunters in the hills yesterday. It was given a white man's burial.

From one of the most popular men of his tribe John Stink became the most detested Indian in the Territory. He was driven from the councils of his race, disowned by his wife and children and shunned by every red man in the new State of Oklahoma. Stink had broken no law nor committed any sin. He was the victim of the Indian belief that after a man is once buried his spirit can never again inhabit the earth.

Years ago Stink became ill of typhoid fever and was pronounced dead by the medicine men. He was buried upon a platform raised in the air after the manner of all Indian burials. He was not dead, however, and several days later appeared in the village that had been his home. The Indians declared he was not John Stink but an evil spirit that had taken its abode in Stink's body. He was driven from home, disowned by his wife and children, and for years has not been spoken to by any of his race. For nearly ten years Stink roamed the hills, living on herbs and berries and wild game.

Good wishes often grow up before they come home again.

The effect of true consecration always is to cut cleaner the lines of square dealing.

LUZERNE COAL...

Get Our Prices
Both phones 70

There Will Be An Advance
in Coal November 1st

We also handle all sizes
LEHIGH ANTHRACITE
COAL

ECONOMY IN FUEL IS THE MAIN THING



TO CONSIDER IN BUYING ANY
KIND OF A HEATER. AND THIS
IS THE LEADING FEATURE OF
OUR

ESTATE OIL HEATERS

THEY ARE BUILT TO LAST
AND GIVE GOOD SERVICE.
FOR FIFTEEN YEARS THESE
STOVES HAVE BEEN SOLD IN
PADUCAH.

USED MORE EXTENSIVELY
THAN ANY OTHER HEATER
OFFERED FOR SALE IN THE
CITY, WE HAVE YET TO HEAR
OF A DISSATISFIED USER.

OUR RADIANT ESTATE BASE
BURNER FOR HARD COAL
NEEDS NO RECOMMENDATION
FROM US. IF YOU EXPECT TO
NEED A BASE BURNER THE
TESTIMONIALS OF YOUR
FRIENDS AND NEIGHBORS
WILL BE MORE CONVINCING
THAN ANYTHING WE MIGHT
SAY.

WE'LL BE GLAD TO SHOW
YOU BOTH THE HEATERS AND
THE LETTERS.



L. W. Henneberger Co.

INCORPORATED.

"THE HOUSE OF QUALITY."

BOTH PHONES 176.

Sign of the Big Hatchet.

422-424 BROADWAY.

MARRIED HUSBAND TO GET RID OF HIM.

Woman Swears She Never Lived
With Him After Ceremony
Was Performed.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 23.—Mrs. Sybil A. Perham, a very pretty little woman, about 21 years old, told Judge White in the divorce court, which began its fall session this morning, that she had married her husband, Harry B. Perham, "just to get rid of him."

Mrs. Perham was becomingly gowned in a tight-fitting blue creation, and her attractive, ingenuous face was suffused with blushes when she took the witness stand in her own behalf on a petition to have her marriage annulled. Her maiden name, she said, was Miss Lawrence, and she was born in a little town in Nova Scotia.

Mrs. Perham, according to her own story, was wedded, but was no wife. She told the court that Perham had importuned her for more than a year to marry him, along back in 1904. Every time he saw her, which was practically every day, he asked her to have him. Finally, one day in July, two years ago, Mr. Perham called on her to deliver his daily offer of marriage. Upon this occasion he said: "Do you intend to marry me?" "No," Miss Lawrence answered, "I do not."

"You have ruined my life," Perham

then declared. "You will be sorry for this."

In her story to the court Mrs. Perham naively said: "And I was so scared that I said, 'Yes, I will marry you.'"

"Then he asked me if I knew where there was a justice of the peace," she continued. "I told him I did not, so we went out and hunted one up. While we were thus engaged I told Mr. Perham that I should insist upon living alone during the first two weeks after my marriage. We were married, but we never did live together. I continued to live single, as before."

A lawyer who represented the young woman's husband informed the court that his client had no objection to offer to the granting of Mrs. Perham's petition to have the marriage annulled.

"This is a novel proposition," remarked Judge White, and he asked to have the fair petitioner recalled. Blushing prettily again, Mrs. Perham took the witness stand. "Why did you marry the man?" asked the judge.

"To get rid of him," said the girl, with a frankness and earnestness that caused a smile to flit over the courtroom. Judge White announced that he would reserve decision, and at the same time remarked that if it were the husband who was asking for the release it would be quite a different matter.

Later in the forenoon the husband,

Harry B. Perham, appeared in court and informed Judge White that he had never forced the young woman to marry him.

Mr. Perham's story differed in most essentials from that told by his wife. According to his version of their tangled marital relation, he refused to live with her because of her conduct with other men. He testified that he had found her in other men's company smoking cigarettes. Judge White still reserved decision.

SCHOOL BOY SUES FOR \$2000 DAMAGES

St. Louis, Oct. 23.—The suit of Everett L. Kirkpatrick, 17, a McKinley High School boy of 6120 Elizabeth avenue, versus Wm. F. Sherman, lessee of Vera hall, 6327 Wilson avenue, is being heard in Judge Hough's division of the circuit court.

Kirkpatrick alleges that he was arrested and incarcerated in Clifton Heights police station at the instance of Sherman, for which he asks \$2,000 damages. The arrest took place February 16 last.

Sherman declares that Kirkpatrick was disturbing an entertainment in his hall. Kirkpatrick denies the allegation. He also denies that he struck Sherman with a club, as testified to by Sherman. The High School boy claims that his nervous system was shocked by being held incommunicado for an hour and a half.

WE USE The KING OF ALL BOSOM IRONERS

WHY?

First.
Because it irons smoothly, not rough.

Second.
The button holes, or stud holes match.

Third.
Negligee shirts with buttons are ironed perfectly and without injury.

Fourth.
It irons either stiff or pleated bosoms like new, and the "hump" so often seen, is missing.

No other like it in West Kentucky. Satisfy yourself by sending us your laundry.

Star Laundry

Phone 200.

A man has to have a heap of sense to show any when he is in love.

Now is the time for you to fill your coal house.

Lump 12c, Nut 11c

Best Kentucky and Illinois Coal

Also dealer in LIME and CEMENT. Agent for Whitehall and
Agatite Cement. "KING OF CEMENT."

H. M. Cunningham,

Phones: Old 960, New 245.

Thirteenth and Adams Street

WATER CONTRACT TO BE VOTED ON AT NOVEMBER ELECTION

REPORT OF JOINT LIGHT AND WATER COMMITTEE ON NEW CONTRACT BETWEEN THE CITY OF PADUCAH AND THE PADUCAH WATER COMPANY.

Owing to the fact that the contract existing between the City of Paducah and the local water company for fire hydrants expires during the current month, it was incumbent upon the general council to negotiate for such service covering the remaining period which the franchise of the water company still has to run, to-wit: eighteen years.

After several conferences between the joint light and water committee and the officers of the water company, a scale of rates for fire hydrants was agreed upon by the committee and the water company. These rates have been embodied in a contract which will be submitted to the general council for such action as the wisdom of that body may determine. If the proposed contract is favorably acted upon by the general council, it must be submitted to the voters of the city at the next election and affirmatively ratified by not less than two-thirds of the votes then cast upon the question before a contract between the city and the water company can be finally executed.

It is (therefore) worth while for the voters of the city to carefully consider the terms of the proposed contract before casting their votes at the coming election, and if it appears that the proposed contract is to the advantage of the city, then to register their approval thereof upon their ballots.

In order that the voters may have an opportunity to become fully advised regarding the terms of the proposed contract, a copy of the same is herewith submitted, which reads as follows:

"Section 1. That the City of Paducah, Ky., agrees to rent and does hereby rent from the Paducah Water Company, its successors and assigns, four hundred and eleven (411) double nozzle fire hydrants now established in said city for a period of eighteen (18) years from the passage and final approval of this ordinance, after an election by the people as hereinafter provided. The annual rental for each of said fire hydrants, which the City of Paducah hereby agrees to pay for the first ten (10) years of said term, shall be twenty (\$20.00) dollars and the annual rental for the remaining eight (8) years shall be fifteen (\$15.00) dollars, (unless the said city shall sooner purchase water company's plant, with six (6) per cent interest upon deferred payments. The payments of said rentals shall be made as provided in the original ordinance contract.

"Section 2. All additional hydrants on extensions of mains that may be erected hereafter by the Paducah Water Company, its successors or assigns, as provided in the original ordinance contract during the said eighteen years, shall be charged and paid for as provided in section one hereof; but at the expiration of ten (10) years from the time this ordinance shall have been finally approved, as set out above, all the then fire hydrants shall be charged and paid for at the uniform rate as above provided and the contract therefor shall expire at the end of the eighteen years fixed in section 1.

Section 3. Before this ordinance shall become effective, it shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified voters of the City of Paducah, Ky., at the general election to be held in said city on the 6th day of November, 1906, the said vote to be taken in the manner and as provided by law for the submission of public questions to the voters of said city.

Section 4. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from its passage, approval and ratification by the qualified voters of the City of Paducah, Ky., and a written acceptance of its terms and conditions by the Paducah Water Company filed with the clerk of the City of Paducah, Ky., within ten (10) days after the official certificate of its approval at the popular election."

At the present time the water company has installed for the use of the city 411 fire plugs, which under the old contract are rated and cost each year as follows:

150 fire plugs at \$40.00	\$6,000.00
30 fire plugs at \$30.00	900.00
231 fire plugs at \$25.00	5,775.00
Total	\$12,675.00

Under the proposed contract this same service would cost the city but \$8,200.00—for each of the first ten years of the contract, a saving upon the number of hydrants now installed of \$4,475.00—per annum and for the ten year period a saving of \$44,750.00.

For each of the last eight years which the franchise has to run, the cost for 411 hydrants would be \$6,165.00—a saving to the city of \$6,510.00—per annum or of \$52,080.00—for the entire eight years of the franchise, making a total saving to the city between the existing con-

tract and the proposed contract of \$96,630.00.

There is nothing contained in the proposed contract changing the rights of the city or those of the water company under the original franchise. The city still retains the right to purchase the water company's plant at the expiration of each five year period, in accordance with the terms of the original franchise.

This committee has also compared the rates contained in the proposed contract with those in effect in 127 other cities for the same class of service and finds the proposed rates lower than those paid by any of those cities. The approximate average cost per hydrant in the number of cities mentioned above is \$28.00.

The rates referred to were submitted by the local water company and this committee assumes that the figures are correct. The list of the cities with the rate paid in each is on file with this committee, and anyone desiring to verify the figures contained therein may have the opportunity of doing so at any time.

It should also be borne in mind that until a new contract is entered into between the city and the water company, that the rates charged under the existing contract will maintain. The only alternatives offered to escape from the old rates are either to make a new contract or to discontinue the service, the latter of course, being quite impossible.

Therefore, this committee has no hesitation in recommending to the general council and to the voters of the City of Paducah, that the proposed contract be ratified.

JOINT LIGHT AND WATER COMMITTEE.
16-1

STORY OF MOUNTAIN CRIME AND REVENGE

In August, 1905, Jesse Browning shot and fatally wounded Mary McNeely, whom he had held in abject slavery for a long time, locking her up in the house when going away, leaving her a supply of bread and water upon which to subsist until his return. The woman was very much afraid of Browning, but that did not, it seems, keep her altogether loyal, and when Browning found her in the company of another man he shot her. The shooting occurred in Martin county, Ky., near the Virginia line.

And now, after many days, the foul murder of poor Mary McNeely seems about to be avenged, says the Big Sandy news. The man arrested in Lexington was not Jesse Browning, but the man who fired the fatal shot on Bill Damron's bushboat on that hot August day, a little more than a year ago, is in the Lawrence county jail, indicted for the murder of his defenseless victim, and over him hangs the shadow of the gallows.

From the day the breath left the woman's body until his capture in the loneliness of Cranberry mountain in far-away Pocahontas county, Virginia, Jesse Browning was a hunted man. All unknown to him, Stewart McNeely, shorn of his big mustache to prevent recognition, had followed the slayer of his daughter. Yesterday he was hot on the trail; today he had lost it. But never for an instant did he tire or relax. From camp to camp, from settlement to the wilds and from the country back to the towns went the pursuer. He spent every dollar he had in the world, but never for a day did his determination slack or falter. Something told him that the killer could not always evade his grasp; that one day his eyes would fall on Jesse Browning, and then—That day did come. He heard of a camp on Cranberry, where some men were at work getting out crossties. One of them, so the natives told him, was a stranger. McNeely reasoned that maybe the "stranger" might be the long-hunted murderer of the poor girl whose body was resting not far from the banks of the Tug river, not far from "The Forks." Stewart went to the camp, and one look at the "stranger" was enough. "Throw up your hands, Jesse—I've got the drop on ye!" Jesse threw 'em up. The least move or motion on his part and the only jury needed would have been one held by the coroner.

Then began the journey homeward, McNeely never for one instant relaxing his vigilance. And the wonder has been expressed by more than one that Stewart McNeely did not fire just one shot and leave the slayer of his daughter to rot by the roadside. But few men will kill a prisoner, and McNeely was not one of the few, and so he brought his to Wayne and lodged him in jail. He probably thought that any county had jurisdiction, but he was convinced that Browning could not be held in West Virginia, and he marched his captive into Louisiana. It didn't take very long to dispose of his case here. Circuit court was yet in session. Judge Redwine impaneled a special grand jury, and in a very short time an indictment charging Jesse Browning with the willful murder of Mary McNeely was returned into court, and without bail Jesse Browning, who on that 19th of August, 1905, shot and wounded Mary McNeely so that she died, was committed to Lawrence county jail to await his trial at the next term of the court.

It is easy to mistake a resolution for a reform.

INGREDIENTS IN KENTUCKY

EDISON SAYS HIS NEW BATTERY SOLVES PROBLEM OF CHEAP POWER.

Inventor Describes Long Search for Metal, Which Ends in Success.

New York, Oct. 23.—Thomas A. Edison has accomplished a surprise for the world. He has worked out successfully the problem of cheap power. He promises to put on the market within the next six months a new storage battery which will enable every man to travel in his own private carriage at about the cost of car fare. Without danger, without breakdowns, without cost, almost, a carriage, once supplied with the new power for \$200, will travel without repairs for fifteen years, for 100,000 miles if necessary, says the wizard.

Mr. Edison reiterates the declaration that he has invented a storage battery which will solve the problem of congested traffic in the big cities of the world as soon as he can manufacture enough of the batteries. He is erecting two large factory buildings, now nearly completed, and is installing in them new machinery especially for the manufacture of the motor battery.

Says Horse Is Doomed.

"In fifteen years from now the horse will be a curiosity; we shall be paying 50 cents to look at him in side shows," said Mr. Edison to an interviewer.

"Last year you were sure that you had solved this problem," he was reminded.

"Yes, last year I was sure," replied Mr. Edison, "but now I am dead sure. There is a difference between the two. It's one thing, for instance, to be sure, and another thing to be—Wall street sure."

For three years 25,000 storage batteries have been constantly at work in the test shops of the Edison plant at Orange, N. J.

"I never believed that nature, so prolific of resources, could provide only lead as a material ingredient of the battery," said Mr. Edison. "I have always found her ready for any emergency, and based on this confidence that she has never betrayed, I communed diligently with her. Then I thought I had accomplished the task."

But he hadn't, to the satisfaction of his commercial instinct. The question of the weight of the battery was most important as was that of its durability.

Cobalt Solves Riddle. Nickel rust failed, other things failed, everything the ingenious Edison, with his trained, scientific mind, could conceive failed.

"Then I tried cobalt," he said, and punctuated the statement with a broad smile.

"And it worked?"

"It certainly did; but cobalt, being one of the rare metals, the problem was not solved. I scoured the country to find cobalt in sufficient quantities to warrant its use, and discovered lots of it in Canada, in Wisconsin, in Oregon and in Kentucky. Then I knew that I was all right."

"What are you working at now in connection with this phase of the discovery?"

"One of the most difficult problems in metallurgy is to separate cobalt from the ores with which it is associated. At present it is done only at great expense, and so for the last few months we have been devising a plan of getting cobalt out of the ore cheaply within a ratio of cost already calculated for the price of each cell."

Success Comes at Last.

"And you have succeeded?"

"Completely. I can positively promise that the new battery will be on the market in the spring. The factory buildings are ready and the machinery is being installed."

"But there may be some surprise that nature is holding back that will interfere?"

"Absolutely none. I haven't kept 25,000 batteries working for three years without discounting all chances of failure."

The actual cost of recharging the new battery is a matter of a few cents per cell, the greatest achievement being in making it light in weight, in compact shape and above all, durable.

The new storage battery is not designed for fast automobiles.

"But I am not an automobile manufacturer, and I have thought only of solving the problem of street traffic, which is serious in all the great cities of the world," says Edison.

J. K. HENDRICK, J. G. MILLER, WM. MARBLE.

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Practice in all the courts of the state. Both phones 31.
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R. T. LIGHTFOOT,
LAWYER.

Will practice in all courts of Kentucky.

DR. W. S. HUBANKS.
(Homeopathist.)

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Residence, 819 Broadway.
Phone 149.

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Architect and Superintendent.

401 Fraternity Building.

Old Phone 498 Red; New Phone 1.
PADUCAH, KENTUCKY.

Dr. B. T. Hall

Office with Dr. Rivers & Rivers, 128 North Fifth, Both Phones 355.
Residence 1041 Clay, Old Phone 1699

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New Phone 114. Old Phone 484

ILLINOIS CENTRAL

RAILWAY BULLETIN

Asheville, N. C.—Missionary Conference Protestant Episcopal church. Dates of sale October 22nd and 23rd, 1906, limit November 5th, 1906.

ALBEN W. BARKLEY

Attorney at Law.

Room No. 5, Paducah, Kentucky.
Columbia Bldg.

DR. R. E. HEARNE

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Office hours 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m. and 7 to 9 p. m.

The Publisher's
Claims Sustained

UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS

The Publishers of Webster's International Dictionary allege that it is, in fact, the popular and severest requirements of a generation which demands more of popular knowledge than any generation that the world has ever contained. It is perhaps needless to add that we refer to the dictionary in our judicial work as of the highest authority in accuracy of definition and that in the future as in the past it will be the source of constant reference.

CHARLES C. ROTH, Chief Justice.

JOHN DAVIS, Associate Justice.

JOHN DAVIS, Associate Justice.

JOHN DAVIS, Associate Justice.

JOHN DAVIS, Associate Justice.

JOHN DAVIS, Associate Justice.

JOHN DAVIS, Associate Justice.

JOHN DAVIS, Associate Justice.

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Steam and Hot Water Heating
Phone 133. 20 N. Third

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We have a selected line of pleasing novelties. Many of them are unique and original in design. You can choose something dainty and ornamental from our stock that will not be worn common. If you aim to be "different" we can help you.
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The Modern Window Decoration
WHILE EQUAL IN DESIGN AND BEAUTY TO THE FINEST ART GLASS MADE. IT CAN BE APPLIED TO ANY WINDOW OR TRANSOM. IT EXCLUDES OUTSIDE VIEW AND ADMITS THE LIGHT IN THE MOST PLEASING AND AGREEABLE HUES. IT IS APPROPRIATE IN DINING ROOMS, BATH ROOMS AND FRONT DOORS. IT IS ONE OF THE MOST BEAUTIFUL DECORATIONS OF THE DAY FOR ALL KINDS OF DECORATIONS.

C. C. Lee, 315 Bway.
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Undertakers and Embalmers.
30 S. THIRD STREET: PADUCAH, KY

E. H. PURYEAR,
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SPECIALTIES:
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NOTICE
Highest Prices Paid for Second-Hand STOVES AND FURNITURE
Buy anything and sell everything.
218-220 Court Street: Old Phone 1316A.
Clem Fransiola
MOVING WAGON IN CONNECTION.

BUY BEFORE THE ADVANCE

A Splendid investment for Quick Profits. Buy now the Stock of the PITTSBURG-MANHATTAN Mining Company, of Tonopah, Nevada. 100,000 Shares--Par Value \$1.00, Fully Paid and Non-Assessable--Offered at 10 cents per Share

Property and Location

The most notable facts of the company are that it owns proven gold- and silver-bearing land; not only is the ore there, but it is there in quantities, an apparently inexhaustible supply of pay ore. The Company owns the Gregory Group of five claims situated in the famous MANHATTAN DISTRICT, and also has several claims in the LONE MOUNTAIN DISTRICT. Both these Districts are the richest in the WORLD. The tunnels have been opened up on the Lone Mountain claims and indications point to striking large bodies of high-grade ore carrying values in Gold and Silver.

Mining Has Built Many Great Fortunes

Nothing so surely offers large returns as a good Mining Stock. Probably you do not realize how many people there are who are enjoying a regular income as a result from investing in Mining Stocks. There are thousands of them, and they are largely those who bought their stock when the opportunity was first offered to secure shares at a low price before the company had begun to pay dividends. Stocks of many mining companies have advanced from a few cents a share to prices ranging from \$100 to \$1500 a share in value, and besides have paid back to the investors in dividends many hundred times what they first invested. Many of the companies are paying from 100 per cent. to 2000. per cent. in dividends on the first price of the stock. To grasp this opportunity and purchase stock in the PITTSBURG-MANHATTAN MINING COMPANY at 10 CENTS a share means success to you; and that means houses, good living, travel, education and social privileges for your children. If you do not grasp this opportunity and secure a good share of wealth you are likely to be classed as a failure. The proposition is in the hands of men whose ability and integrity cannot be questioned, and these men pledge themselves to see that each and every investor in the enterprise receives an equal division of the profits. Experts have examined the property, and it is the universal opinion that it has a wonderful future.

Organization

The Company is organized under the laws of the state of Nevada, CAPITAL STOCK OF \$1,000,000, DIVIDED INTO SHARES OF THE PAR VALUE OF \$1.00 EACH; 400,000 SHARES ARE IN THE TREASURY, which will be sold as required for development from time to time.

10 Cent. Per Share, Cash or Installments

We want to impress upon you the fact that you don't have to be rich in order to become a shareholder in this splendid Company. The price of shares is only 10c, and you can buy as few as one hundred (100), \$10.00 worth. If you are not in a position to pay cash for all the shares you desire to own we will accept a small payment down with the order, the remainder to be paid in five monthly installments. Suppose you want to invest \$10.00 in this company; simply send us \$2.50 with your order for 100 shares, and thereafter \$1.50 per month for five months and the stock will be paid for. It's very easy--anyone can afford to do this. Almost everyone has enough money in a year to buy them an interest in this Company which would make them independent for life. Send in your order today. The following table will show you just how many shares your money will buy, the amount you send if you want to pay all cash, and the plan for monthly payments:

What Your Money Will Buy

100 shares	\$ 10.00 cash or	\$ 2.50 cash and	\$ 1.50 per month for 5 months
200 shares	20.00 cash or	5.00 cash and	3.00 per month for 5 months
300 shares	30.00 cash or	5.00 cash and	5.00 per month for 5 months
400 shares	40.00 cash or	5.00 cash and	7.00 per month for 5 months
500 shares	50.00 cash or	5.00 cash and	8.00 per month for 5 months
600 shares	60.00 cash or	10.00 cash and	10.00 per month for 5 months
800 shares	80.00 cash or	10.00 cash and	14.00 per month for 5 months
1,000 shares	100.00 cash or	20.00 cash and	16.00 per month for 5 months
2,000 shares	200.00 cash or	40.00 cash and	32.00 per month for 5 months
5,000 shares	500.00 cash or	100.00 cash and	80.00 per month for 5 months
10,000 shares	1,000.00 cash or	200.00 cash and	160.00 per month for 5 months

In offering this stock we present it as a solid and safe investment, not a speculation. The resources of their properties and the amount of rich ore seems so inexhaustible that WE RECOMMEND THE PURCHASE OF THIS STOCK TO EVERY INVESTOR.

MACKAY, MUNROE & CO

BANKERS AND BROKERS
GOLDFIELD, NEVADA

Gentlemen:

I hereby subscribe for shares (at 10c per share) of the Capital Stock of the PITTSBURG-MANHATTAN MINING COMPANY of Tonopah (par value \$1.00 per share) for which find enclosed \$.....

Please issue stock in name of:

Name (in full)

Street and No.

City or Town

State

Yours truly,

Signature

Put Name of Your Paper Along This Line

Officers and Directors

ROBERT M. WINTER (Land Trust Company, Pittsburg), President.

E. G. MINARD (Mine Owner and Operator, Tonopah), Secretary.

W. B. MARTHOLOMEW (Tonopah & Goldfield Railroad Co., Tonopah), Director.

T. THOMER (Tonopah), Vice-President.

E. B. CUSHMAN (Cashier State Bank and Trust Co., Tonopah), Treasurer.

100,000 Shares of the Above Stock are now Offered for Public Subscription at Ten Cents per Share

MAIL APPLICATION WITH REMITTANCE--CHECK, DRAFT, P. O. or EXPRESS MONEY ORDER--TODAY FOR THE NUMBER OF SHARES YOU DESIRE
CERTIFICATES WILL BE IMMEDIATELY FORWARDED ON RECEIPT OF YOUR LETTER

Address All Communications To

Mackay, Munroe & Co. BANKERS & BROKERS **Goldfield, Nev.**

RELIABLE REPRESENTATIVES WANTED EVERYWHERE.

LANGSTAFF-ORM MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Incorporated.

Flooring, Ceiling,
Siding
Finish
Lath

L

Yellow
Pine

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Gum
Poplar

M

Ash
Beech

B

Maple
Walnut

E

Oak
Elm

R

Sash, Doors,
Blinds,
Interior
Finish

GUM, BEECH AND OAK FLOORING, END MATCHED BORED, KILN DRIED, HOLLOW BACKED AND POLISHED. TWIN BRAND—OUR OWN MAKE

Both Phones 26

We Are Making Very Low Prices on House Bills.

438 South Second



**M'PHERSONS
DRUG STORE**
EXCLUSIVE AGENTS.

FOURTH AND BROADWAY

RIVER NEWS

Cairo, 15.2, 0.4, fall.
Chattanooga, 8.9, 1.9, rise.
Cincinnati, 10.7, 0.6, fall.
Evansville, 8.5, 0.4, rise.
Florence, 5.9, 0.4, rise.
Johnsboro, 8.2, 0.3, rise.
Louisville, 4.6, 0.1, fall.
Mt. Carmel, 1.5, 0.0, stand.
Nashville, 15.2, 0.3, fall.
Pittsburg, 7.9, 0.4, fall.
Davis Island Dam, 7.1, 0.5, fall.
St. Louis, 6.6, 0.2, fall.
Mt. Vernon, 8.0, 0.3, fall.
Paducah, 9.6, 0.2, fall.
Burnside, 1.3, 0.1, fall.
Carthage, 4.0, 0.4, fall.

The Royal left yesterday for Golconda and comes back today at noon.

This afternoon at 5 o'clock the steamer Clyde gets out for the Tennessee river. She comes back again next Monday night.

The Reuben Dunbar went to Evansville yesterday and comes back tomorrow.

The Henry Harley is today's packet in and out for Evansville.

The Butterff comes in today from Clarksville and leaves immediately for Nashville.

The steamer Kentucky comes out of the river tomorrow night and lays here until 5 o'clock Saturday afternoon before departing on her return that way.

The Dick Fowler gets out for Cairo at 8 o'clock this morning and comes back tonight.

The City of Safford gets to St. Louis today and leaves there tomorrow afternoon on her return this way.

The Georgia Lee leaves Cincinnati today and gets here Saturday en route down to Memphis.

The friends of Mr. Courtney Ellis are glad to learn that he continues to daily improve at the Riverside hospital.

The ladies of the German Lutheran church have charge today of the cooking and baking at Rhodes-Burford's establishment.

**Soules
Balm**

For
Chapped
Skin
25c

Favorite in Paducah
for 30 years.

Now Made and Sold by

**R. W. WALKER CO.,
DRUGGISTS.**

Fifth and Broadway.

Both Phones 175.

HUSBAND GOES TO JAIL FOR SIX MONTHS' TERM

JOHN HARDIN ACQUITTED OF IMMORALITY IN THE POLICE COURT, BUT IN THE COUNTY COURT IS SENT TO JAIL FOR SIX MONTHS ON THE CHARGE OF REFUSING TO SUPPORT HIS CHILDREN. HIS BROTHER, CHARLES HARDIN, GOT FINE OF \$45 FOR USING ALLEGED INSULTING AND THREATENING LANGUAGE TOWARD MRS. JOHN HARDIN.

Six months in the county jail is the term John Hardin will have to serve because of his failure to support his minor children. The sentence was imposed yesterday on Hardin by Judge Lightfoot of the county court, and the condemned man is now occupying a cell in the big jail on South Sixth street.

The trials and tribulations of the Hardin family seem to be coming thick and fast. Mrs. John Hardin came here several days ago from her home over near Brookport, and had warrants issued against her husband and Dovie Dunlap, latter colored, on the charge of immorality. The wife asserted that the husband abandoned her over near Brookport, came to this city, entered housekeeping on South Fourth near Norton street, and brought over with him from across the river the negress who was living

at his home on South Fourth here. Yesterday morning in the police court the husband and negress swore they were not guilty and Judge Puryear dismissed them.

The wife then went before Judge Lightfoot and got out the warrant charging Hardin with failing to support his minor children, and the judge sent the husband to jail for six months, which is the limit of the law. Monday the husband's brother, Charles Hardin came over from his home in Brookport to assist his brother in the latter's trouble here. Mrs. Hardin claims Charles Hardin remarked something about knocking her out of her, and she warranted the brother-in-law, who was fined \$25 and costs yesterday morning by Judge Puryear. The brother-in-law appealed the matter to the circuit court.

COAT CASES WENT OVER

TREMAINE AND GROSSHART
GIVEN CONTINUANCES UNTIL TODAY.

Judge Puryear Announced That He Would Today Decide the Arthur Jones Case.

Until today was there continued yesterday by Judge Puryear of the police court, the warrant charging Charles Grosshart and Charles Tremaine with obtaining money under false pretenses by stealing coats from G. W. Wilson and L. B. Wilson and pawning one to Ben Micheal and selling the other to Elva Evitts, colored.

The breach of the peace charge against Aleck Messenger and Daniel Meyers was continued until today.

John Kelly was fined \$1 and costs for being drunk.

The breach of the peace charge against Samuel Barker was continued until today.

The judge announced he would render his opinion today in the case where Arthur Jones is charged with building a frame box-like structure around his fish bench at the city market.

**SPECIAL COUNSEL TO AID IN
IROQUOIS THEATER TRIAL**

County Board Grants Request Made by State's Attorney Healy.

Chicago, Oct. 23.—The county board yesterday granted authority to State's Attorney Healy to retain special counsel to assist him in the prosecution of the Iroquois fire cases, which are to be tried at Danville, Ill., in the near future. It was also decided that he should be permitted to care for the witnesses to be called. The request of Judge Honore that it be recommended to the finance committee of the county board that an appropriation for additional judges be provided, was denied.

BULLET CUT OUT.

Physicians Removed Ball From The Foot of Brakeman Harvey at Hospital.

Yesterday at the railroad hospital, a 38-calibre bullet was cut from the left foot of M. Harvey, colored brakeman of Memphis, Tenn. Last Saturday night while on his freight train near Dyersburg, Tenn., Harvey put a tramp off one of the cars and the hobo, after getting on ground, pulled his revolver and shot at the brakeman, the bullet splintering the bone of the great toe, and lodging underneath the flesh. The doctors will try to save the injured toe.

POPULAR WANTS.

FOR RENT—One room over Walkers' drug store—Also business house 21x90 on Third street between Broadway and Kentucky. Apply to D. A. YEISER.

Ask your Grocer for "Mama Ja" Flour. Best that's made.

Lost—Open faced, filled case watch, size 3, with letter "L" engraved on small shield on outside case. Frank L. Ryan, Greenville, Miss., in engraved inside. Finder return to Paducah Marine Railway and receive reward.

WANTED—To buy Second hand shoes, large sizes. T. B. Jones, 220 Kentucky Ave.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, New Richmond House, Paducah, Ky.

PABST BLUE RIBBON BOTTLE BEER

Sold at
Gray's Buffet,
Palmer House Bar,
L. A. Lagomarsino.

NOW IS THE TIME
THIS IS THE PLACE
**PADUCAH CENTRAL
INCORPORATED**

306 B'way. Day and Night
Free Catalogue School

TRIES TO CREMATE WIFE;
MOB ATTEMPTS LYNCHING

Pleading of Police Chief Restrains
100 Angered Citizens.

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 23.—The pleading of the chief of police today prevented the lynching of John Doran, who had been held without bail for assault upon his wife with intent to kill. Dogan, returning home under the influence of liquor, it is alleged, had tried to cremate his wife. Her head, face and body are badly burned and she is at a hospital near death as the result of being beaten with a chair as she lay prostrate on the floor during the attack. The mob, restless and shouting in its anger, attempted to prevent the passage of the prisoner and his custodian into the justice's court, but the entreaty of the police official for a fair trial for the man prevailed.

NUMBER KILLED IN THIS WRECK

Meagre Details of Bad Smashup on the Southern Pacific.

New Orleans, Oct. 23.—The Sun set Limited on the Southern Pacific which left New Orleans for California at 11:55 a. m. Monday, was wrecked near Boutte, La., twenty-five miles from New Orleans Monday afternoon. A number of people are reported killed. Beyond the fact that the train was derailed, Southern Pacific officials said they had no information.

Silver Nearly 71 Cents.

New York, Oct. 23.—The purchase of 100,000 ounces of silver today for the government establishes a new high record price of 70.747. This is the highest price at which silver has sold for fifteen years. It caused strength in the shares of the silver mining stocks on the curb.

FOR Polite Correspondence

Special Sale of Fine Box Paper.
Something New, Correct Shape, and
Cloth Finish Stock

We want every lady in Paducah that uses good writing material to know about our stationary stock. As a special magnet for trade we offer the Latest Correct Style in Cloth Finish Paper, packed in quire in a box at

19c

This same paper has always sold at 25c and 35c heretofore. This offer good only until October 27th.

D. E. Wilson at Harbour's Department Store

We have on hand For Sale:

3 Horse Power Motor.
1 5 Horse Power Motor.
1 5 1/2 Horse Power Motor.
1 8 Horse Power Motor.
1 10 Horse Power Motor.
1 200 Light Dynamo.

**FOREMAN BROS
Novelty Works.**

121-123 North Fourth Street.

WHY NOT OWN YOUR HOME

Quit paying rent. Let us build the house; you pay for it as you pay rent. Vacant lots in all parts of the city. Nice lots, on the proposed car extension on Broad to union depot and on Allen streets from 50 to \$250 each. Buy now on installment plan while cheap. This is the highest ground in the city. Property is advancing rapidly.

**M'CRACKEN REAL ESTATE & MORTGAGE CO.
INCORPORATED.**

Lillard D. Sanders, Pres. and Mgr. Phone 765.

The Return of Rudyard Kipling.

A reviewer who recognizes in Kipling's earlier work "a source of sheer joy which nothing can ever invalidate," but who deprecates the interim during which that master of word-craft "wandered off into the distance to play with strange toys," hails his new book "Puck of Pook's Hill," as proof that "the old Kipling has come back." Writing in the New York Tribune under the caption "The Return of Rudyard Kipling," this reviewer rejoices "that the enchanter who once wove such compelling spells has recovered his wand while he is still in his prime." "Puck of Pook's Hill" is made up of ten tales of old England which came to the knowledge of Una and Dan, two modern English children, through the good offices of Puck. The tales are ushered in by Puck's song, which reads: See you the dimpled track that runs,

All hollow through the wheat?

Oh, that was where they hauled the guns.
That smote King Phillip's fleet.
See you our little mill that clacks,
So busy by the brook?
She has ground her corn and paid her tax
Ever since Domesday Book.
See you our stilly woods of oak,
And the dreadful ditch beside?
Oh, that was where the Saxons broke,
On the day that Harold died.
See you the windy levels spread
About the gates of Rye?
Oh, that was where the Northmen fled
When Alfred's ships came by.
One third more tea is used in autumn than in summer an dspring.

**Dont Wait
TOO LONG**

COAL

GET OUR PRICES BEFORE YOU BUY

West Kentucky Coal Co.

Office and Elevator 2nd & Ohio

INCORPORATED.

Both Phones:--254

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Genuine Tradewater
Real Pittsburg